

## SYLLABUS

<b>TITLE:</b>	Contemporary Social Analysis
<b>CODE:</b>	CSO 104
<b>PREREQUISITE:</b>	N/A
<b>CREDITS:</b>	3 credits   45 contact hours   1 term

### DESCRIPTION

Critical discussion of social sciences' main debates. This course will analyze the great transformations of the contemporary world in the social, cultural, political, economic, and environmental aspects. Also, it will study the dynamic role that the subject plays in these scenarios and in processes of change. This course will provide students with the necessary tools to deepen their social analysis through dialogue and discussion of divergent positions.

### JUSTIFICATION

It is important that students develop the theoretical tools that allow them to understand the complexity of the contemporary world. This course trains students to know and face the changes produced by social transformations.

### COMPETENCIES

The course develops the following competencies in students:

- **Critical questioning**
- **Communication**
- **Research and exploration**
- **Ethical sense and social justice**

### OBJECTIVES

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Understand the origin and composition of the social sciences and the reason for their importance as disciplines of study.
2. Know the different concepts of science and their impact on scientific analysis.

3. Know the categories of fundamental analyses in the social sciences.
4. Know some of the main debates of the contemporary social sciences in relation to culture, society, politics, and economics.
5. Transfer the acquired knowledge to the analysis of Puerto Rican society.
6. Develop an analytical and critical attitude towards the present historical moment.
7. Understand the importance of the social sciences for a better grasp of their discipline or profession.
8. Integrate theory and practice through their participation in concrete activities and experiences relevant to the discipline.

## **CONTENTS**

- I. Social Sciences and the Contemporary World
  - A. Nature and Scope of the Social Sciences
  - B. Science and Ideology
  - C. Historical Background
  - D. Relationship of the Social Sciences with Other Disciplines
  - E. Controversy between the Natural Sciences and the Social Sciences
  - F. Relevance of the Social Sciences Today
  - G. Social Sciences in Puerto Rico
- II. Science and Knowledge Transformations
  - A. Science and Knowledge Production
  - B. Science as a Discursive System
    1. The Scientific Method
    2. Scientific Knowledge as a Historical Construction
    3. Different Positions on the Progress of Science
  - C. Positivism as the Dominant Scientific Paradigm in Modernity
  - D. The Critique of the Positivist Paradigm
  - E. Popular Knowledge as Another Source of Knowledge Production
  - F. Androcentric Biases in Scientific Theory and Methodology
- III. Culture, Identity, and Society
  - A. The Notion of Culture
    1. Classic and Critical Theoretical Perspectives Used in the Social Sciences to Approach the Study and Analysis of the Notion of Culture
    2. Culture and its Relationship with Ideology and Discourse
  - B. Culture and Social Organization

1. Notions of Society and the Social
  2. Relationships between Culture and Society
  3. Notions of Nation, State, and National Identity
- C. Culture and the Configuration of Subjectivity
1. Culture as a Discursive and Ideological System
  2. Socialization and the Configuration of Behavior Patterns
  3. Prompts to Problematize Identities
    - a. Race
    - b. Gender
    - c. Class
    - d. Ethnicity
    - e. Sexual Identity
  4. The Social/Cultural construction of Gender, Body, and Sexuality
  5. Cultural Impact on Subjectivity

#### IV. Politics, Economy, Development, and Contemporary Society

- A. Economic Systems and Modes of Production throughout History
- B. Feudal, Industrial, And Post-Industrial Societies
- C. Productivist Work Ethic/Hedonistic Consumption Ethic
- D. Welfare State
- E. The Crisis Of The Welfare State And A Return To Liberal Capitalism (Neoliberalism)
- F. Population And Migratory Movements
- G. Implications Of Globalization
  1. Social
  2. Political
  3. Economic
  4. Cultural
- H. Impact Of Globalization On Human Rights

### **METHODOLOGY**

The following strategies from the active learning methodology are recommended:

- Analysis and discussion of readings
- Discussion or forums
- Analysis of videos or web links

### **EVALUATION**

Partial assessments	40%
Participation	15%

Compositions	15%
Project or exam	<u>30%</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	100%

## LEARNING ASSESSMENT

The institutional assessment rubric is applied to the course's core activity.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

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For more information resources related to the course's topics, access the library's webpage <http://biblioteca.sagrado.edu/>

## **REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION**

For detailed information on the process and required documentation you should visit the corresponding office. To ensure equal conditions, in compliance with the ADA Act (1990) and the Rehabilitation Act (1973), as amended, any student in need of reasonable accommodation or special assistance must complete the process established by the Vice Presidency for Academic Affairs.

## **ACADEMIC INTEGRITY**

This policy applies to all students enrolled at Universidad del Sagrado Corazón to take courses with or without academic credit. A lack of academic integrity is any act or omission that does not demonstrate the honesty, transparency, and responsibility that should characterize all academic activity. Any student who fails to comply with the Honesty, Fraud, and Plagiarism Policy is exposed to the following sanctions: receive a grade of zero in the evaluation and/or repetition of the assignment in the seminar, a grade of F (\*) in the seminar, suspension, or expulsion as established in the Academic Integrity Policy effective in November 2022.